ANNUAL SYNAR REPORT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 OMB № 0930-0222

North Carolina

FFY 2007 2006 Synar Survey

Submitted By: NC Department of Health and Human Services

Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and

Substance Abuse Services

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Center for Substance Abuse Prevention www.samhsa.gov

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INTRODUCTION

The Annual Synar Report (ASR) format provides the means for States to comply with the reporting provisions of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300x-26) and the Tobacco Regulation for the SAPT Block Grant (45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e)).

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this project is 0930-0222 with an expiration date of 08/31/2007. Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 15 hours for Section I and 3 hours for Section II, including the time for reviewing instructions, completing and reviewing the collection of information, searching existing data sources, and gathering and maintaining the data needed. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer; Paperwork Reduction Project (0930-0222); 1 Choke Cherry Road, Room 7-1044, Rockville, Maryland 20857

How the Synar report helps the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention

In accordance with the tobacco regulations, States are required to provide detailed information on progress made in enforcing youth tobacco access laws (FFY 2006 Compliance Progress) and future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth tobacco access rates (FFY 2007 Intended Use Plan). These data are required by 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and will be used by the Secretary to evaluate State compliance with the statute. Part of the mission of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA) Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) is to assist States¹ by supporting Synar activities and providing technical assistance helpful in determining the type of enforcement measures and control strategies that are most effective. This information is helpful to SAMHSA/CSAP in improving technical assistance resources and expertise on enforcement efforts and tobacco control program support activities, including State Synar Program support services, through an enhanced technical assistance program involving conferences and workshops, development of training materials and guidance documents, and on-site technical assistance consultation.

How the Synar report can help States

The information gathered for the Synar report can help States describe and analyze sub-State needs for program enhancements. These data can also be used to report to the State legislature and other State and local organizations on progress made to date in enforcing youth tobacco access laws when aggregated statistical data from State Synar reports can demonstrate to the Secretary the national progress in reducing youth tobacco access problems. This information will also provide Congress with a better understanding of State progress in implementing Synar, including State difficulties and successes in enforcing retailer compliance with youth tobacco access laws.

¹The term State is used to refer to all the States and territories required to comply with Synar as part of the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Program requirements (42 U.S.C. 300x-64 and 45 C.F.R. 96.121).

FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u>

Date: 11/16/06

Getting assistance in completing the Synar report

If you have questions about programmatic issues, you may call CSAP's Division of State and Community Assistance at 240-276-2570 and ask for your respective State Project Officer, or contact your State Project Officer directly by telephone or e-mail using the directory provided. If you have questions about fiscal or grants management issues, you may call the Grants Management Officer, Office of Program Services, Division of Grants Management, at 240-276-1404.

Where and when to submit the Annual Synar Report

The Annual Synar Report (ASR) must be received by SAMHSA no later than December 31, 2006. The ASR must be submitted in the **approved OMB report format**. Use of the approved format will avoid delays in the review and approval process. The chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization must sign page 1 of the ASR certifying that the State has complied with all reporting requirements.

Submit one signed original of the report, one additional copy, and an electronic version on either CD-ROM or 3.5" diskette to the Grants Management Officer at the address below:

Grants Management Officer Office of Program Services, Division of Grants Management Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Regular Mail: Overnight Mail:

1 Choke Cherry Road, Room 7-1091 Rockville, Maryland 20857

1 Choke Cherry Road, Room 7-1091 Rockville, Maryland 20850

FFY 2007: FUNDING AGREEMENTS/CERTIFICATIONS

The following form must be signed by the Chief Executive Officer or an authorized designee and submitted with this application. Documentation authorizing a designee must be attached to the application.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES ACT AND SYNAR AMMENDMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires each State to submit an annual report of its progress in meeting the requirements of the Synar Amendment and its implementing regulation (45 C.F.R. 96.130) to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. By signing below, the chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization certifies that the State has complied with these reporting requirements and the certifications as set forth below.

SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

The State certifies that the Synar survey sampling methodology on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2007 is upto-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL

The State certifies that the Synar Survey Inspection Protocol on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2007 is upto-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

State: 1	North Carolina	
Name (of Chief Executive Officer or Designee: Carmen H	looker Odom
Signati	ure of CEO or Designee:	
	Secretary, Department of Health and Human	
Title:	Services	Date Signed:
	If signed by a designee, a conv of the designs	ation must be attached

SECTION I: FFY 2006 (Compliance Progress)

YOUTH ACCESS LAWS, ACTIVITIES, AND ENFORCEMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires the States to report information regarding the sale/distribution of tobacco products to individuals under age 18.

1.	Please indicate any changes or additions to the State tobacco statute(s) relating to youth access since the last reporting year. Please attach a photocopy of the change(s) in the State law(s) if any was made since the last reporting year. (See 42 U.S.C. 300x-26)				
	a.	Has there been a change in the minimum sale age for tobacco products?			
		☐ Yes ⊠ No			
		If Yes, current minimum age:			
	b.	Have there been any changes in State law that impact the State's protocol for conducting Synar inspections? \square Yes \boxtimes No			
		If Yes, indicate change (check all that apply):			
		Changed to require that law enforcement conduct inspections of tobacco outlets			
		Changed to make it illegal for youth to possess, purchase or receive tobacco			
		Changed to require ID to purchase tobacco			
		Uther change(s) (please describe):			
	c.	Have there been any changes in the law concerning vending machines?			
		☐ Yes ⊠ No			
		If Yes, indicate change (check all that apply):			
		☐ Total ban enacted			
		☐ Banned from location(s) accessible to youth			
		Locking device or supervision required			
		Other change(s) (please describe):			
	d.	Have there been any changes in State law that impact the following?			
		Licensing of tobacco vendors Penalties for sales to minors Yes No Yes No			
2.		e how the Annual Synar Report (see 45 C.F.R. 96.130(e)) and the State Plan (see C. 300x-51) were made public within the State. (Check all that apply)			
		Placed on file for public review			
		Posted on a State agency Web site (Specify Web site location:			
		http://www.ncdhhs.gov/mhddsas/statspublications/reports/index.htm#synar)			
		Notice published in a newspaper or newsletter			
		Public hearing			

		FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u> Date: <u>11/16/06</u>
		Announced in a news release, a press conference, or discussed in a media interview Distributed for review as part of the SAPT Block Grant application process Distributed through the public library system Published in an annual register Other change(s) (please describe):
3.	Identify	the following agency or agencies. (See 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130)
	a.	The State agency(s) designated by the Governor for oversight of the Synar requirements:
		NC Dept. of Health and Human Services, Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report? Yes No
	b.	The State agency(s) responsible for conducting random, unannounced Synar inspections:
		NC Dept. of Health and Human Services, Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report? Yes No
	c.	The State agency(s) responsible for enforcing youth tobacco access law(s):
		NC Dept. of Crime Control and Public Safety, Division of Alcohol Law Enforcement
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report? Yes No
4.	Identify	the State agency(s) responsible for tobacco prevention control activities.
		t. of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health – Tobacco Prevention trol Branch
	На	as the responsible agency changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		Yes No
	a.	Describe the coordination and collaboration that occur between the agency responsible for tobacco control and the agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. The two agencies (check all that apply):
		Are the same Have a formal written mamorandum of agreement
		Have a formal written memorandum of agreement

				FFY: 200	_	<u>NC</u> 1/16/06
	Have an informal partnersh	ip			<u>_</u>	
	Conduct joint planning acti	vities				
	Combine resources			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 11 1	
	Have other collaborative ar training and technical assistance	• • •	' A			e on
	duming and teemieur assistance	o dottyttios, o		ila works	10 ирв.	
5.	Please answer the following questions youth access to tobacco law(s) in FFY $96.130(e)$)	-				he
	a. Which one of the following de tobacco laws carried out in ye			•		
	☐ Enforcement is conducted €	exclusively by	y local law e	nforcemen	nt agencies	•
	Enforcement is conducted e		_			
	Enforcement is conducted by	by both local	and State ag	encies.		
	b. The following items concern	•	•		•	cess to
	tobacco laws by <u>LOCAL AN</u> <u>AGENCIES</u> . Please fill in th					a are
	unavailable or the item is not		questeu or r	naicate n	mese data	u arc
					TC A	·1 11
					If Ava	ııavıe
	PENALTY	NOT APPLICABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	TOTAL	OWNERS	CLERKS
	Number of <u>citations issued</u>			1,335		
	Number of fines assessed		\boxtimes			
	Number of permits/licenses suspended	\boxtimes				
	Number of permits/licenses revoked	\boxtimes				
	Other (please describe): Number of	convictions		761		
	a What additional activities on	o aandwatad	in waxan Ctat	o to gumn	aut aufaua	om on t
	c. What additional activities are and compliance with State to					ement
	☑ Merchant education and/or	training				
	☐ Incentives for merchants w	ho are in com	pliance (e.g.	, Reward	and Remin	ider)
	Community education rega	rding youth a	ccess laws			
	Media use to publicize com	pliance inspe	ection results			
	N/LO '/ 1:1' /					
	Community mobilization to	increase sup	port for reta		iance with	youth
	access laws Other activities (please list)	_		iler compl		

Briefly describe all checked activities:

1. Merchant Education - conduct phase 2 of the Red Flag retailer campaign to promote the use of the driver's license as a prompt or first visual clue that the purchaser may be underage and to increase compliance with the youth access law among retailers and clerks in targeted areas. and engage communities, including youth, in local events to educate and support retailers. The campaign highlights the importance of checking IDs (NC's driver licenses have a red background/ border to denote license holders under the age of 18). It includes print and paid media, print materials, local events and direct mail to retailers.

Phase 2 of the campaign was launched in ALE districts 4, 5 and 7. Districts/communities were selected based on an analysis of ALE's compliance checks data conducted by Kurt Ribisl of the UNC School of Public Health. Counties were selected based on those that had the second highest violation rates in ALE districts matched with the location of Health and Wellness Trust Fund (HWTF) grantees, coalitions and groups who are already addressing access and other tobacco prevention issues in their local communities. Red Flag is being evaluated by the UNC Tobacco Prevention and Evaluation Program. Results show that Red Flag is successful in reaching merchants in its target market.

2. Conduct community education, mobilization and recognition activities (i.e. local events to present TEE awards to clerks) in partnership with local agencies to raise awareness of youth access issues among merchants, clerks, and the community at large. ALE agents will provide positive recognition as well as incentives for store clerks that do not sell tobacco products to minors during enforcement operations.

ALE agents have distributed 5,312 certificates Tobacco Enforcement Excellence (TEE) Awards to retail clerks that have refused the sale of tobacco products to minors during ALE compliance checks from SFY July 1, 2005 through June 30 2006.

3. Partner with community agencies to host retailer education and training events. ALE will inform all retailers who are issued a citation for violation of the State's Youth Access Law of the availability of the BARS (Be A Responsible Seller) Education Program. BARS training brochures will also be distributed to retailers.

ALE conducted 223 Be A Responsible Seller/Server (BARS) programs statewide to retailers and their employees regarding requirements of the State's Youth Access Law and its penalties (data from SFY July 1, 2005 through June 30 2006).

4. Get earned or free media attention to enforcement activities including compliance checks and other community events in local newspapers, television or radio. This will be achieved primarily through press releases from ALE's Public Information Office.

ALE generated 29 earned media stories across the state to increase awareness of youth access related issues (data from SFY July 1, 2005 through June 30 2006).

5. Conduct an analysis of Alcohol Law Enforcement's (ALE) compliance checks data by geocoding the location of outlets visited by ALE and analyzing patterns of violations using selected census track demographics, including racial, income, education and housing variables. GIS (Geographic Information System) mapping and tables are being used to depict patterns of violations by region, major city and county.

The analysis and mappings are currently being used to identify counties within ALE districts to participate in the Red Flag campaign and to direct enforcement in those high non-compliant areas of the state.

SYNAR SURVEY METHODS AND RESULTS

The following questions pertain to the survey methodology and results of the Synar survey used by the State to meet the requirements of the Synar Regulation in FFY 2006. (See 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130)

b.	Has the sampling methodology changed from the previous year?
	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	The State is required to have an approved up-to-date description of the Synar sampling methodology on file with CSAP. Please submit a copy of your Synar Survey Sampling Methodology (Appendix B). If the sampling methodology changed from the previous reporting year, these changes must be reflected in the methodology submitted.
7.	Please answer the following questions regarding the State's annual random, unannounced inspections of tobacco outlets. (See 45 C.F.R. $96.130(d)(2)$)
	a. Did the State use the optional Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar survey data?
	∑ Yes
	If Yes, attach SSES summary tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 and go to Question 8.
	If No, continue to Question 7b.
	b. Report the weighted and unweighted Retailer Violation Rate (RVR) estimates, and the standard error.
	Unweighted RVR
	Weighted RVR
	Standard error (s.e.) of the (weighted) RVR
	Fill in the blanks to calculate the <u>right limit</u> of the right-sided 95% confidence interval.
	RVR Estimate Plus (1.645 times Standard Error) equals Right Limit
	c. Fill out Form 1 in Appendix A (Forms). (Required regardless of the sample design)

d.	How were the (weighted) RVR estimate and its standard error (Check the one that applies)	obtained?		
	☐ Form 2 (Optional) in Appendix A (Forms) (Attach completed Form Other (Please specify. Provide formulae and calculations or attached the program code and output with description of all variable nature.)	ach and explain		
e.	If stratification was used, did any strata in the sample contain o or cluster this year?	only one outlet		
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ No stratification			
	If Yes, explain how this situation was dealt with in variance estimat	ion.		
f.	Was a cluster sample design used?			
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
	If No, go to Question 7g.			
	If Yes , fill out and attach Form 3 in Appendix A (Forms), and answer the following question:			
	Were any certainty primary sampling units selected this year?			
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
	If Yes, explain how the certainty clusters were dealt with in variance	e estimation.		
g.	Report the following outlet sample sizes for the Synar survey.			
		Sample Size		
	Effective sample size (sample size needed to meet the SAMHSA precision equirement assuming simple random sampling)			
7	Target sample size (the product of the effective sample size and the design effect)			
	Driginal sample size (inflated sample size of the target sample to counter the sample attrition due to ineligibility and non-completion)			
I	Eligible sample size (number of outlets found to be eligible in the sample)			
	Final sample size (number of eligible outlets in the sample for which an inspection was completed)			

 $FFY: 2007 \quad State: \underline{NC} \\ Date: \underline{11/16/06} \\ \textbf{h. Fill out Form 4 in Appendix A (Forms).}$

\boxtimes	Yes No				
If	Yes, answer the following questions of	about its c	coverage:		
a.	The calendar year of the latest fra	ame cove	rage study:	2005	
b.	Percent coverage from the latest	frame cov	verage study:	73%	
c.	Was a new study conducted in th	is reporti	ng period?]Yes ⊠] No
v	Yes, please complete Appendix D (Li bmit it with the Annual Synar Report	•	ng Frame Cove	erage Stu	dy) and
d.	The calendar year of the next cov	erage stu	dy planned: _	2006	
	Synar survey inspection protocol of Yes No	changed f	rom the prev	ious year	·?
in	ne State is required to have an approv spection protocol on file with CSAP. spection Protocol (Appendix C). If the sevious year, these changes must be re	Please su he inspecti	ibmit a copy og ion protocol cl	f your Syr hanged fr	nar Survey com the
		From:	01/28/06	To:	06/13/06

c. Fill out and attach Form 5 in Appendix A (Forms). (Not required if the State used the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar survey data)

SECTION II: FFY 2007 (Intended Use):

Public law 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 of the Public Health Service Act and 45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e) (4, 5) require that the States provide information on future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth tobacco access.

1.	In the upcoming year,	does the State anticipate	any changes in the:

Synar sampling methodology	☐ Yes	\boxtimes No
Synar inspection protocol	Yes	\boxtimes No

If changes are made in either the Synar sampling methodology or the Synar inspection protocol, the State is required to obtain approval from CSAP prior to implementation of the change and file an updated Synar Survey Sampling Methodology (Appendix B) or an updated Synar Survey Inspection Protocol (Appendix C), as appropriate.

2. Please describe the State's plans to maintain and/or reduce the retailer violation rate for Synar inspections to be completed in FFY 2007. Include a brief description of plans for law enforcement efforts to enforce youth tobacco access laws, activities that support law enforcement efforts to enforce youth tobacco access laws, and any anticipated changes in youth tobacco access legislation or regulation in the State.

The education and enforcement program will focus specifically on the following goals/objectives:

- 1. Implement targeted enforcement in counties 1) where noncompliance is high, 2) that are high density, such as large urban or rural areas, and 3) suspend or decrease checks in counties that have been highly saturated and have buy rates less than 10%. A minimal baseline number of compliance checks will be conducted in all counties.
- 2. Maintain current database of retail outlets visited by Alcohol Law Enforcement Agents in order to expand analyses of data from compliance checks. Emphasis will be placed on investigations of patterns of non-compliance that may lead to enhanced enforcement strategies. The data will also be available to local grantees and agencies desiring to target merchant education activities to retail outlets in which clerks were cited by Alcohol Law Enforcement during compliance checks.
- 3. Increase media and recognition activities to raise public awareness of the youth access law, its penalties and enforcement operations among judges, district attorneys, retailers, law enforcement agencies, community agencies and local groups.
- 4. Continue to enhance as well as build new partnerships with local law enforcement, retailers, Area Mental Health /Public Health Programs, local coalitions, youth organizations and community groups to effectively address the youth access issue at the local level through training, community interventions and media activities.

5. Maintain a youth access to tobacco products rate of 20% or less to comply with the federal Synar Amendment.

These objectives will be accomplished through the strategies and activities described below:

- 1. Implement monthly prescriptions for the nine ALE districts, which will include an analysis of past compliance checks data, to select areas for targeted enforcement activities.
- 2. Conduct at least 600 tobacco compliance checks per month, for a total of 7,200 checks annually throughout the grant cycle.
- 3. Conduct an annual analysis of ALE's compliance checks data by geo-coding the location of outlets visited by ALE and analyzing patterns of violations using selected census track demographics, including racial, income, education and housing variables. GIS (Geographic Information System) mapping and tables will be used to depict patterns of violations by region, major city and county.
- 4. Implement a Phase III roll out of the Red Flag Campaign across the state in the three remaining ALE districts. The campaign will highlight the importance of checking IDs. NC's driver licenses have three color codes (red, yellow, green). The campaign will place a special emphasis on licenses with a red border because a red background/ border denote that the license holder is under the age of 18 and therefore should not be sold tobacco products. It will include earned or free media, print materials, local events and direct mail to retailers. Red Flag materials have already been disseminated in six of the nine ALE districts. The program is sponsored jointly by the Division of MH/DD/SAS, the Division of Alcohol Law Enforcement and the NC Health and Wellness Trust Fund (HWTF).
- 5. Conduct at least three community education and recognition activities (i.e. local events to present Tobacco Enforcement Excellence/TEE awards to clerks) in partnership with local agencies to raise awareness of youth access issues among merchants, clerks, and the community at large. ALE agents will provide positive recognition as well as incentives for store clerks that do not sell tobacco products to minors during enforcement operations. Also, include some paid media (ads) in local newspapers across the state to highlight TEE award recipients and the stores in which they work.
- 6. Get earned media attention on enforcement activities including compliance checks and other community events in local newspapers, television or radio. This will be achieved primarily through press releases from ALE's Public Information Office. The Division of ALE and DMH/DD/SAS will work with the HWTF media staff and proposed media vendor to publicize special events.
- 7. Partner with at least three community agencies to host retailer education and training events. ALE will inform all retailers who are issued a citation for violation of the State's Youth Access Law of the availability of the BARS (Be A Responsible Seller) Education Program. BARS training brochures will also be distributed to retailers.

8. Promote collaboration among the Area Mental Health Programs/Local Management Entities and their contract agencies, local organizations, Health and Wellness Trust Fund Grantees and District Alcohol Law Enforcement agents to recruit and train youth ages 16-17 to participate in enforcement activities; distribute merchant education materials; develop local media stories on youth access issues; promote the availability of the BARS Program to local retail merchants; and coordinate local retailer trainings.

9. Conduct an on-going evaluation of the Red Flag Campaign (i.e. retailer surveys, focus groups) to include any new components added over the course of the contract. The proposed evaluator is the UNC Tobacco Prevention and Evaluation Program (TPEP). TPEP is the evaluation team for the NC Health and Wellness Trust Fund and does ongoing evaluations on other grant funded programs under the Teen Tobacco Prevention and Cessation Initiative.

3.	Describe any challenges the State faces in complying with the Synar regulation.	(Check
	all that apply)	

Briefly describe all items checked above:

One of the challenges that the Division of MH/DD/SAS and the Department of Health and Human Services continue to face in implementing the Synar Program is maintaining funding for enforcement as well as activities to support enforcement. Since losing the FDA contract in March 2000 maintaining statewide enforcement effort has been challenging for the state. The Department of Health and Human Services worked diligently to identify stopgap state funding sources primarily through lapsed salary to prevent a lag in enforcement. The Division, working with the Tobacco Prevention and Control Branch, Alcohol Law Enforcement and other partners were successful in securing funding from the NC Health and Wellness Trust Fund, (dependent upon availability of funds and satisfactory progress), to support enforcement activities and other initiatives to prevent and reduce teen tobacco use.

The NC Youth Access Law makes it illegal for youth under 18 years of age to purchase tobacco products, but does not prohibit them from possessing the product or from smoking. This does not seem reasonable, particularly to law enforcement agencies and is seen as a weakness in the law. There has been some interest in trying to get possession added to the legislation, but there are advocates who do not support this strategy. It is an issue that the state will continue to review as well as to monitor how this is handled in other states.

Because the state does not have licensure, it has been difficult identifying retail outlets that sell tobacco products. We do use a commercial business list to draw a sample of potential tobacco retail outlets, but it has limitations as well. The Division of MH/DD/SAS will convene a meeting of researchers and partner agencies to discuss policy options for NC to strengthen its tobacco access law.

It is also becoming increasingly difficult to recruit minors to participate in the inspections. This is mostly due to other competing factors or obligations such as employment opportunities, sports, camps, etc and relocation. The State has looked at a number of alternatives for recruitment and retention of youth.

There are an increasing number of ethnic vendors/retailers in the state which presents language and cultural barriers as far as interpretation of the law and its requirements. This increases the need for merchant education and other materials designed especially for use in communities where there isn't fluency in the English language. Currently the state makes signs available to retailers in both English and Spanish to post at the point of sale and is working on adapting the "Check That Photo ID" brochure to Spanish as well. The State is reviewing some options for getting some of the Red Flag retailer materials translated in to Spanish.

APPENDIX A: FORMS / SSES TABLES

TABLE 1 – Synar Survey Estimates and Sample Sizes

TABLE 2 – Synar Survey Results by Stratum and by OTC/VM

TABLE 3 – Synar Survey Sample Tally Summary

TABLE 4 – Synar Survey Inspection Results by Youth Inspector Characteristics

SSES Table 1 (Synar Survey Estimates and Sample Sizes)

CSAP-SYNAR REPORT

State	NC
Federal Fiscal Year (FFY)	2007
Date	11/7/2006 22:57
Data	NCSSESinput06-rev.xls
Analysis Option	Stratified Clustered with FPC

Estimates

Unweighted Retailer Violation Rate	10.6%
Weighted Retailer Violation Rate	10.3%
Standard Error	1.5%
Is SAMHSA Precision Requirement met?	YES
Right-sided 95% Confidence Interval	[0.0%, 12.8%]
Two-sided 95% Confidence Interval	[7.4%, 13.2%]
Design Effect	2.1
Accuracy Rate (unweighted)	58.6%
Accuracy Rate (weighted)	55.9%
Completion Rate (unweighted)	95.2%

Sample Size for Current Year

Effective Sample Size	422
Target (Minimum) Sample Size	920
Original Sample Size	1,746
Eligible Sample Size	1,023
Final Sample Size	974
Overall Sampling Rate	13.7%

SSES Table 2 (Synar Survey Results by Stratum and by OTC/VM)

Number Striatum Var. Striatum Striatum Striatum Var. Striatum Striatum		
11	Retailer Violation Rate(%)	Standard Error(%)
12		
12	8.1%	
13		
14		
22		
31 31 0 552 11 2 137 95 91 10	10.6%	
32 32 0 586 4 2 215 123 118 6	13.1%	
33 33 0 385 39 8 140 79 76 12	9.8%	
41	2.8%	
42	15.9%	
A3	3.6%	
Total	13.6%	
New the Counter Outlets	20.1%	
New The Counter Outlets		1.5%
12 12 0 547 8 2 56 56 56 5 13 13 0 629 4 2 79 79 79 5 14 14 0 467 50 7 44 44 44 5 21 21 0 721 24 3 93 93 93 8 22 22 0 857 7 2 77 77 77 10 31 31 0 552 11 2 91 91 91 10 32 32 0 575 4 2 116 116 116 6 33 33 0 385 39 8 76 76 76 76 12 41 41 0 470 11 2 76 76 76 76 3 42 42		
12 12 0 547 8 2 56 56 56 5 13 13 0 629 4 2 79 79 79 5 14 14 0 467 50 7 44 44 44 5 21 21 0 721 24 3 93 93 93 8 22 22 0 857 7 2 77 77 77 10 31 31 0 552 11 2 91 91 91 10 32 32 0 575 4 2 116 116 116 6 33 33 0 385 39 8 76 76 76 76 12 41 41 0 470 11 2 76 76 76 76 3 42 42	8.1%	
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Total 0 11 222 42 2 2 2	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	0.00/

Note: There are some records with unknown outlet type. Therefore the overall counts may not equal the sum of OTC and VM counts.

FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u>

Date: 11/16/06

SSES Table 3 (Synar Survey Sample Tally Summary)

STATE: NC FFY: 2007

Disposition Code	Description	Count	Subtotal
EC	Eligible and inspection complete outlet	974	
Total (Eligible Completes)			974
N1	In operation but closed at time of visit	45	
N2	Unsafe to access	4	
N3	Presence of police	0	
N4	Youth inspector knows salesperson	0	
N5	Moved to new location but not inspected	0	
	Drive thru only/youth inspector has no drivers		
N6	license	0	
N7	Tobacco out of stock	0	
N8	Run out of time	0	
N9	Other noncompletion	0	
Total (Eligible Noncompletes)			49
I1	Out of Business	87	
12	Does not sell tobacco products	589	
13	Inaccessible by youth	0	
14	Private club or private residence	0	
15	Temporary closure	0	
16	Unlocatable	38	
17	Wholesale only/Carton sale only	0	
18	Vending machine broken	0	
19	Duplicate	9	
I10	Other ineligibility	0	
Total (Ineligibles)			723
Grand Total			1746

SSES Table 4 (Synar Survey Inspection Results by Youth Inspector Characteristics)

STATE: NC FFY: 2007

Frequency Distribution

Gender	Age	Number of Inspectors	Attempted Buys	Successful Buys
Male	14	0	0	0
	15	1	79	10
	16	2	358	18
	17	0	0	0
	18	0	0	0
	Subtotal	3	437	28
Female	14	0	0	0
	15	2	476	57
	16	1	61	18
	17	0	0	0
	18	0	0	0
	Subtotal	3	537	75
Other		0	0	0
Grand Total		6	974	103

Buy Rate in Percent by Age and Gender

Age	Male	Female	Total
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	12.7%	12.0%	12.1%
16	5.0%	29.5%	8.6%
17	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other			0.0%
Total	6.4%	14.0%	10.6%

FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u>

Date: $\overline{11/16/06}$

APPENDIX B

STATE:	NC
FFY:	FFY 2007

SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

1.	What	type	of samp	ling	frame	is	used
1.	v v mai	ty pc	or samp	umg	11 anic	19	uscu

List frame	(Go to Question 2)
☐ Area frame	(Go to Question 3)
☐ List-assisted area frame	(Go to Question 2)

2. List all sources of the list frame. Indicate the type of source from the list below. Provide a brief description of the frame source. Explain how the lists are updated (method), including how new outlets are identified and added to the frame. In addition, explain how often the lists are updated (cycle). (After completing this question, go to Ouestion 4)

Use the corresponding number to indicate Type of Source in the table below:

1 – Statewide commercial business list
 2 – Local commercial business list
 5 – Statewide retail license/permit list
 6 – Statewide liquor license/permit list

3 – Statewide tobacco license/permit list 6 – Other

Name of Frame Source	Type of Source	Description	Updating Method and Cycle
Dun & Bradstreet	1	National Establishment Listing on DVD	On-going update with new releases quarterly

3. If an area frame is used, describe how area sampling units are defined and formed.

Multi-stage design: A multi-stage design was used to facilitate the development of the sampling frame and to reduce field cost. Since no comprehensive listing of outlets is available, the sampling frame was developed from Dun & Bradstreet's business list. Two stages were used in the design. The sampling and data collection methods are basically unchanged from the previous survey except one more PSU became a certainty PSU because of population growth.

Stage 1: In this stage, the State's 100 counties singly or in pairs comprised the primary sampling units (PSUs); minimum PSU size is 30 potential outlets. This combination resulted in a total of 96 PSUs. These PSUs were stratified into 4 primary strata based on mental health districts and

into secondary strata within each of those 4 strata, based on estimated number of outlets. This resulted in a total of 12 explicit final strata. Within these strata, PSUs were sorted by size to achieve additional stratification. PSUs were selected from each of these strata using probability proportional to size (field costs and estimated number of outlets).

Stage 2: Within the sample PSUs, second stage units (SSUs) were formed that are essentially equivalent to the postal ZIP areas. Some of the ZIP areas were combined to form SSUs with a minimum of eight outlets and names were sub-sampled in some of the larger ZIP areas (the targeted SSU size is approximately 10 outlets). The SSUs were selected from the sample PSUs with equal probability. All random numbers were generated within Excel spreadsheet using the random number function (RAND).

	a. Is any area left out in the formation of the area frame? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
	If Yes , what percentage of the State's population is not covered by the area frame? %
4.	
	∑ Yes
	If No, please indicate the reason they are not included in the Synar survey.
	☐ State law bans vending machines
	☐ State law bans vending machines from locations accessible to youth
	☐ State has SAMHSA approval to exempt vending machines from the survey
	Other (please describe):
5.	Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one)
	Census (STOP HERE: Appendix B is complete)
	Unstratified State-wide sample:
	Simple random sample (go to Question 9)
	Systematic random sample (go to Question 6)
	Single-stage cluster sample (go to Question 8)
	☐ Multi-stage cluster sample (go to Question 8)
	Stratified sample:
	Simple random sample (go to Question 7)
	Systematic random sample (go to Question 6)
	Single-stage cluster sample (go to Question 7)
	✓ Multi-stage cluster sample (go to Question 7)
	Other (please describe and go to Question 9):

6. Describe the systematic sampling methods. (After completing Question 6, go to Question 7 if stratification is used. Otherwise go to Question 9.)

7. Provide the following information about stratification

a. Provide a full description of the strata that are created.

These PSUs were stratified into 4 primary strata based on mental health districts and into secondary strata within each of those 4 strata, based on estimated number of outlets. This resulted in a total of 11 explicit final strata. Within these strata, PSUs were sorted by size to achieve additional stratification. PSUs were selected from each of these strata using probability proportional to size (a function of field costs and estimated number of outlets).

b. Is clustering used within the stratified sample?

Yes	(go to Question 8,
□ No	(go to Ouestion 9

- 8. Provide the following information about clustering
 - **a.** Provide a full description of how clusters are formed. (If multi-stage clusters are used, give definitions of clusters at each stage.)
- **Stage 1:** In this stage, the State's 100 counties singly or in pairs comprised the primary sampling units (PSUs); minimum PSU size is 30 potential outlets. This combination resulted in a total of 96 PSUs. Within the strata described above, PSUs were sorted by size to achieve additional stratification. PSUs were selected from each of these strata using probability proportional to size (field costs and estimated number of outlets).
- **Stage 2:** Within the sample PSUs, second stage units (SSUs) were formed that are essentially equivalent to the postal ZIP areas. Some of the ZIP areas were combined to form SSUs with a minimum of eight outlets and names were sub-sampled in some of the larger ZIP areas (the targeted SSU size is approximately 10 outlets). The SSUs were selected from the sample PSUs with equal probability. All random numbers were generated within Excel spreadsheet using the random number function (RAND).
 - b. Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.
- **Stage 1:** PSUs were selected from each of these strata using probability proportional to size (field costs and estimated number of outlets).
- **Stage 2:** Within the sample PSUs, second stage units (SSUs) were selected from the sample PSUs with equal probability. All random numbers were generated within Excel spreadsheet using the random number function (RAND).

9. Provide the formulae for determining the effective, target, and original outlet sample sizes.

The effective sample size:

$$n_e = \frac{p(1-p)t^2}{\Delta^2},$$

where *p* is the violation rate;

t = 1.645, is the normal z-statistic for one-sided 95% confidence interval;

 Δ is the desired precision level set at 3 %.

The formula for computing the effective sample size is derived from the target sample size formula given in FY2004 ASR.

The target sample size:

$$n_d = dn_e$$
,

where d is the design effect.

Original sample size:

$$n_o = \frac{n_d}{r_o r_c},$$

where r_e is the eligible rate and r_c is the completion rate.

In addition to the original sample, independent random supplemental samples were selected and fielded in randomly specified order. The overall original sample size is the sum of n_o and the number of outlets in the supplemental samples (n_s) that are fielded, i.e.,

$$n=n_o+n_s.$$

APPENDIX C

 STATE:
 NC

 FFY:
 FFY 2007

SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL

Note: Attach a copy of the inspection form and protocol used to record the inspection result.

			_					
1.	How do	es the State Synar survey protocol address t	he following?					
	a.	Consummated buy attempts?						
		□ Required	☐ Not Permitted					
		Permitted under specified circumstances	☐ Not specified in protocol					
	b.	Youth inspectors to carry ID?						
		⊠ Required	☐ Not Permitted					
		Permitted under specified circumstances	☐ Not specified in protocol					
	c.	Adult inspectors to enter the outlet?						
		Required	☐ Not Permitted					
		Permitted under specified circumstances	☐ Not specified in protocol					
	d.	Youth inspectors to be compensated?						
		⊠ Required	☐ Not Permitted					
		Permitted under specified circumstances	☐ Not specified in protocol					
2.	-	the agency(s) or entity(s) that actually cond nspections of tobacco outlets. (Check all that						
	 ☐ Law enforcement agency(s) ☐ State or local government agency(s) other than law enforcement ☐ Private contractor(s) ☐ Other 							
	List the agency name(s): NC DHHS contracts with the American Lung Association NC to conduct the Synar inspections.							
3.	-	nar inspections combined with law enforcem arnings or citations to retailers found in viola on)?						
		Always Usually Sometimes Ra	rely Never					

4. Describe the methods used to recruit, select, and train youth inspectors and adult supervisors.

In order to assure inter-rater reliability, the same instructor trains the youth. The instructions include specific information on the role and responsibilities of the youth, followed by some role playing exercises covering various scenarios that prepared the youth for the different types of questions or responses to expect from the merchants and their employees.

Э.	•	-	nural requirements instituted by the State to address nunity when conducting inspections?
	a. Legal	☐ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
	b. Procedural	☐ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
6.		_	lural requirements instituted by the State to address spectors during all aspects of the Synar inspection
	a. Legal	☐ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
	b. Procedural	∑ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
	Synar Survey inspection	n trips.	same gender for each youth inspector for all overnight bected because of safety concerns even though they are
7.		onducted (e	edural requirements the State has regarding how e.g., age of youth inspector, time of inspections,
	a. Legal	☐ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
	b. Procedural	⊠ Yes	No (If Yes, please describe):
	-	•	ars of age. Liquor stores are not included due to the fac do not sell tobacco products.

FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u>

Date: 11/16/06

NORTH CAROLINA'S COMPLIANCE CHECK/INSPECTION PROTOCOL

A team of two to four youth between the ages of 15 and 16 years, who appear to be approximately that age, will participate in our annual compliance checks. Sixteen has been chosen since the most typical age of youths now used in tobacco covert compliance checks when done for enforcement purposes is 16 to 17 years old. Fifteen is added to give a broader range of outcome date. The age of appearance will be determined by having 15 adults guess the ages of the youth and calculate an average age of appearance. All youth must appear to be under eighteen in order to participate. An attempt will be made to have teams that are gender and ethnically appropriate to the sample area. More than one set of teams may be selected to work in a particular area of the State. In order to assure inter-rater reliability, the teams will be trained by the same instructors.

Written parental permission will be obtained prior to participation for each minor being used in the study. A photograph of each individual will be obtained prior to program initiation, along with a copy of the youth's birth certificate and a copy of their photo identification card. These will be placed on file with the Community Policy Management Section in the Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services.

The team will be supervised by an adult over the age of 21 at all times. The youth will be instructed not to misrepresent their age. They will be dressed in the same manner in which they were dressed when they went through the age estimation procedure to assure that no one could say that they looked younger or older than their stated age.

The youth will **not** present any false identification when attempting to purchase tobacco. When asked, they will simply show their true identification. If challenged about their ages, they will state their correct age.

The youths will enter the tobacco establishment alone and attempt to purchase. The supervising adult will remain in the vehicle, or if entering, will enter at a different time so that the merchant will not think they are together. The supervisor will be careful not to let the retailer see the two of them together so that the clerk will not think that the adult is a parent or part of a team conducting tobacco stings.

The youth will carry the money needed to pay for cigarettes and will first try to purchase from a self-service display if that is available. If this is unavailable, a single pack of cigarettes will be requested. Youth attempting to purchase cigarettes from vending machines will be instructed to go directly to the machine and deposit the correct change. After the purchase attempt, the youth will exit the establishment with or without the tobacco product. If a pack of cigarettes was purchased, an identification sticker will be placed on the product and reported on the data collection form. All tobacco products will be destroyed by the State at the end of the study.

No youth at any time will stay overnight with an adult supervisor of the opposite sex. No youth will stay overnight without the signed approval of the parent(s) of the youth. Any team member may quit the study at any time and be immediately driven home. The youth will receive full pay up to the time of terminating his/her participation.

The supervisor will complete a N.C. Tobacco Retail Outlet Compliance Check Data Collection Form immediately following each attempted inspection. The data collection form was designed to include a variety of key data elements which will provide valuable information in terms of assessing compliance with the Synar Amendment and targeting vendor education and enforcement efforts.

FFY: 2007 State: <u>NC</u>

Date: $\overline{11/16/06}$

NORTH CAROLINA TOBACCO RETAIL OUTLET COMPLIANCE CHECK DATA COLLECTION FORM

	Name of Outlet:						
2.	Address of Outlet:						
	City:	Zip:					
3.	Date of Compliance Check: _	, 1996	Time:	AM/PM			
ŀ.	Status of Outlet:						
	1= No longer in business 2= Closed at time of check						
	Type of Outlet:						
	1= Gas/Convenience 2= Convenience without gas 3= Grocery Store 4= Drug Store/Pharmacy	7=Restaurant	9=Bowling 10=Skating 11=Video A 12=Other	Rinks			
	Location of Tobacco Products	in Retail Outlet:					
	1= Behind Counter (had to ask clerk to get tobacco) 2= In Front of Counter (picked up tobacco without asking) 3= Vending Machine, out of sight of employee 4= Vending Machine, in sight of employee						
	Was Vendor Willing to Sell to	Minor?	yes	no			
•	8	-					
	Did you observe single cigare	-	yes	no			
-	_	ttes for sale?					
	Did you observe single cigare	ttes for sale? g. No Sale Under 18)	yes	no			
	Did you observe single cigare Was Warning Sign Posted (e.g.	ttes for sale? g. No Sale Under 18)	yes	no no			
3. 0. 1. 2.	Did you observe single cigare Was Warning Sign Posted (e.g. Was Minor Asked Age? Was Minor Asked for I.D.? Approximate Age of Clerk: Age 1= Under 18 years	ttes for sale? g. No Sale Under 18) Race: Race: 2= 18-40 years 3= Over 2=White 3=Other	yes yes yes yes Sex: 40 years	nonono			
3. 0. 11.	Did you observe single cigare Was Warning Sign Posted (e.g. Was Minor Asked Age? Was Minor Asked for I.D.? Approximate Age of Clerk: Age 1= Under 18 years Race 1=Black	ttes for sale? g. No Sale Under 18) Race: 2= 18-40 years 3= Over 2=White 3=Other Sticker Numb	yes yes yes yes Sex: 40 years	nononono			